

February 6, 2020

# The Environmental Impact of Refrigerants: Past, Present, and Future

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Efficiency  
Vermont



# Today's Topics



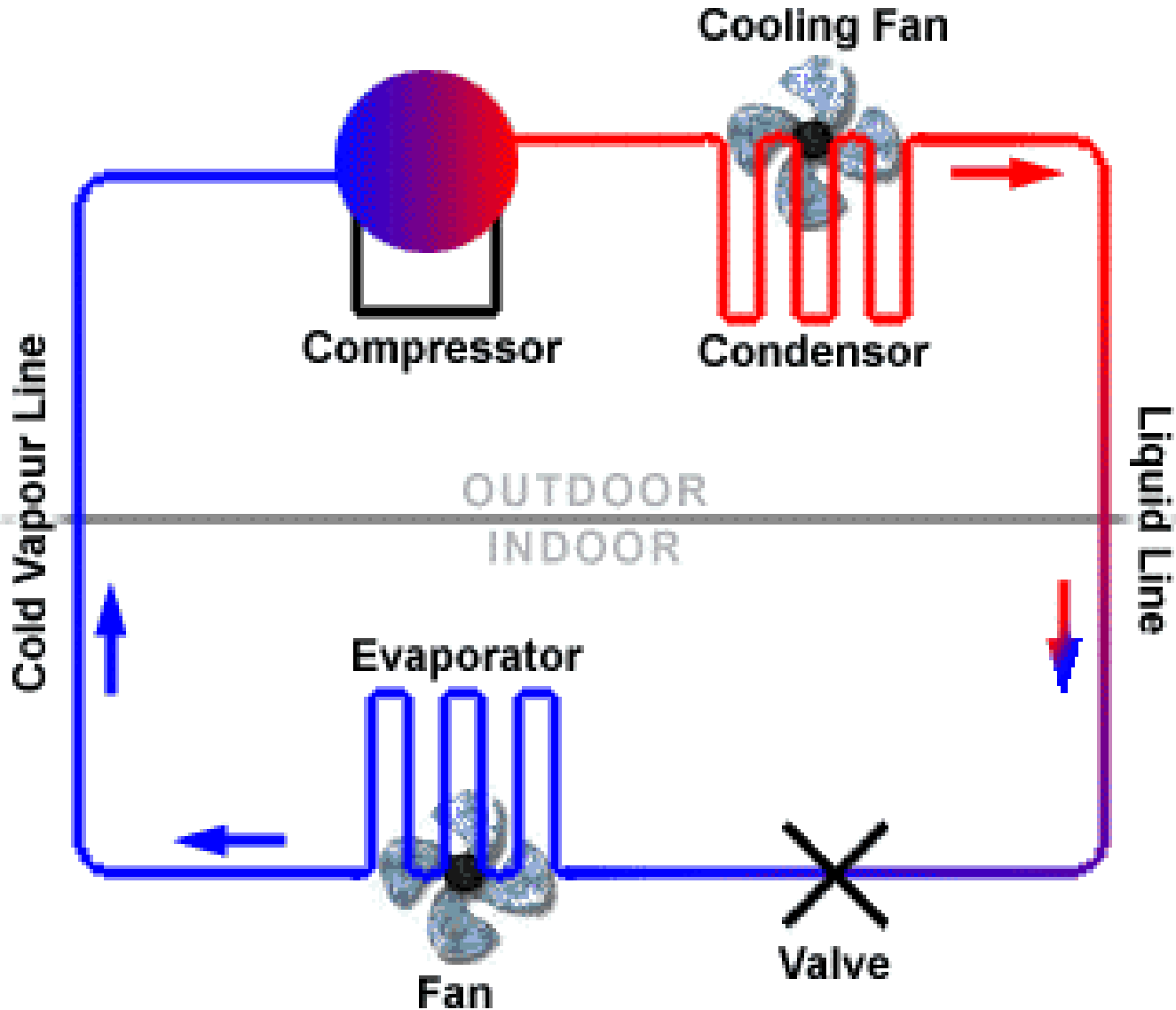
# What are Refrigerants?



# What They're NOT - Coolant



# What are Refrigerants – Refrigeration Cycle



What They're NOT – Freon (at least not *usually*)





# GWP

**G**lobal **W**arming **P**otential

The relative impact of a substance as a greenhouse gas.

$\text{CO}_2 = 1$

...So a GWP of 1,000, means that 1 kg of that substance is equivalent to 1 metric ton of CO<sub>2</sub>

# ODP

**O**zone **D**epletion **P**otential

The relative impact of a substance as a depletion of the Earth's Ozone Layer.

$\text{ODP} > 0 = \text{BAD}$

...So substances with ODP's >0 have been regulated out of use through the Montreal Protocol

# What they ARE – Regulated Substances



EIA Briefing to the 22<sup>nd</sup> Conference of the Parties (CoP22) to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC)

November 7-18, 2016, Marrakech, Morocco

## **KIGALI AMENDMENT TO THE MONTREAL PROTOCOL:**

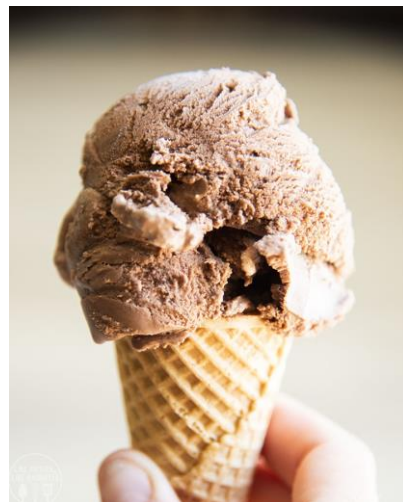
### **A Crucial Step in the Fight Against Catastrophic Climate Change**

In October 2016, the 28<sup>th</sup> Meeting of the Parties to the Montreal Protocol adopted the Kigali Amendment on hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), which commits the world's nations to significantly reduce consumption and production of HFCs. The Kigali Amendment, which could avoid emissions of well over 70 billion tonnes carbon dioxide-equivalent (CO<sub>2</sub>e) by 2050, marks an historic achievement and brings significant impetus to the Paris Agreement which comes into force this month.





# What they ARE – Responsible for the Miracles of Modern Life





# Where Refrigerants are Found - Commercial



# Where Refrigerants are Found - Residential





# Where Refrigerants are Found - Transportation



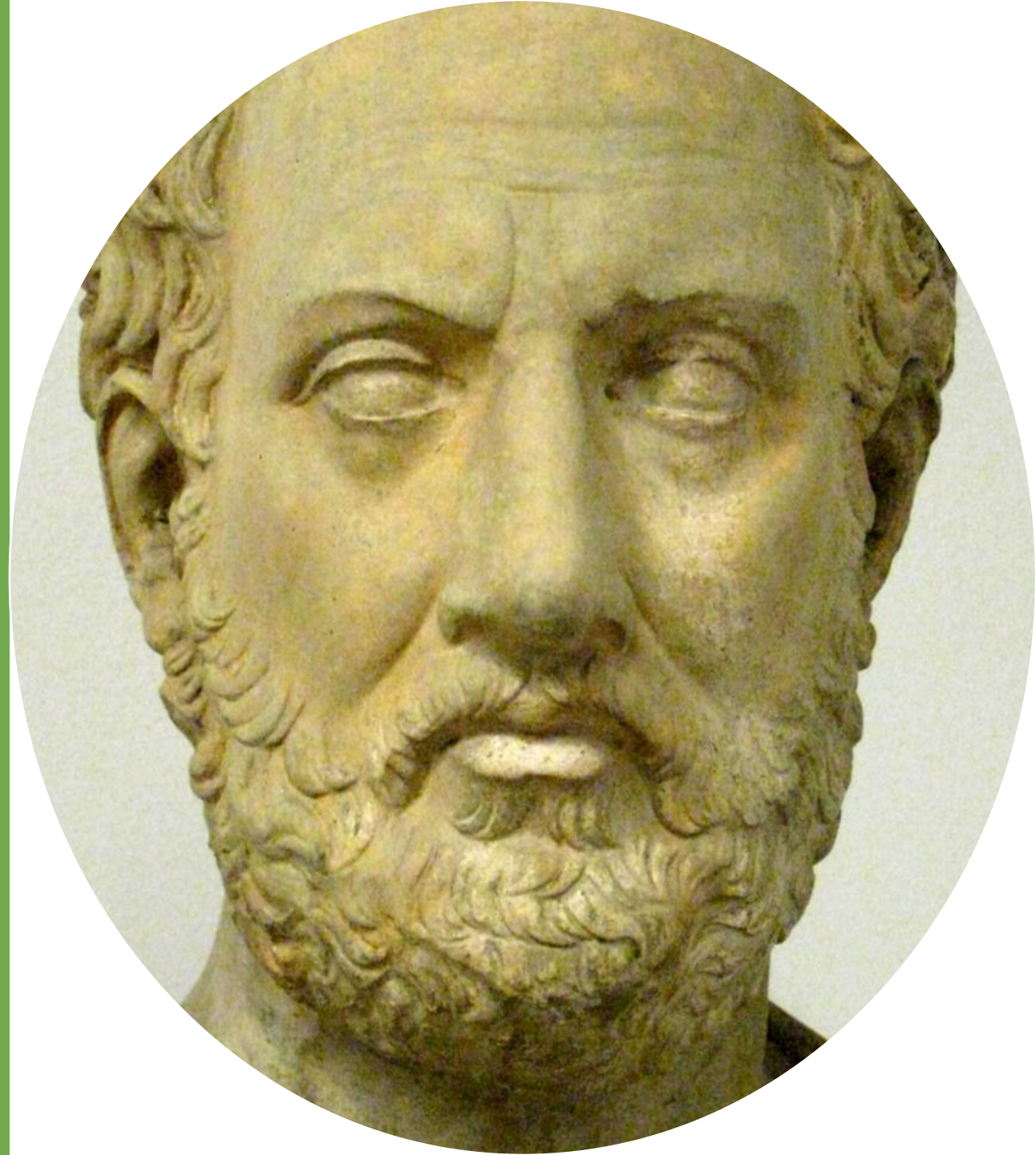
# Where Refrigerants are Found - Insulation





# History of Refrigerants

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1<sup>st</sup> Refrigerant



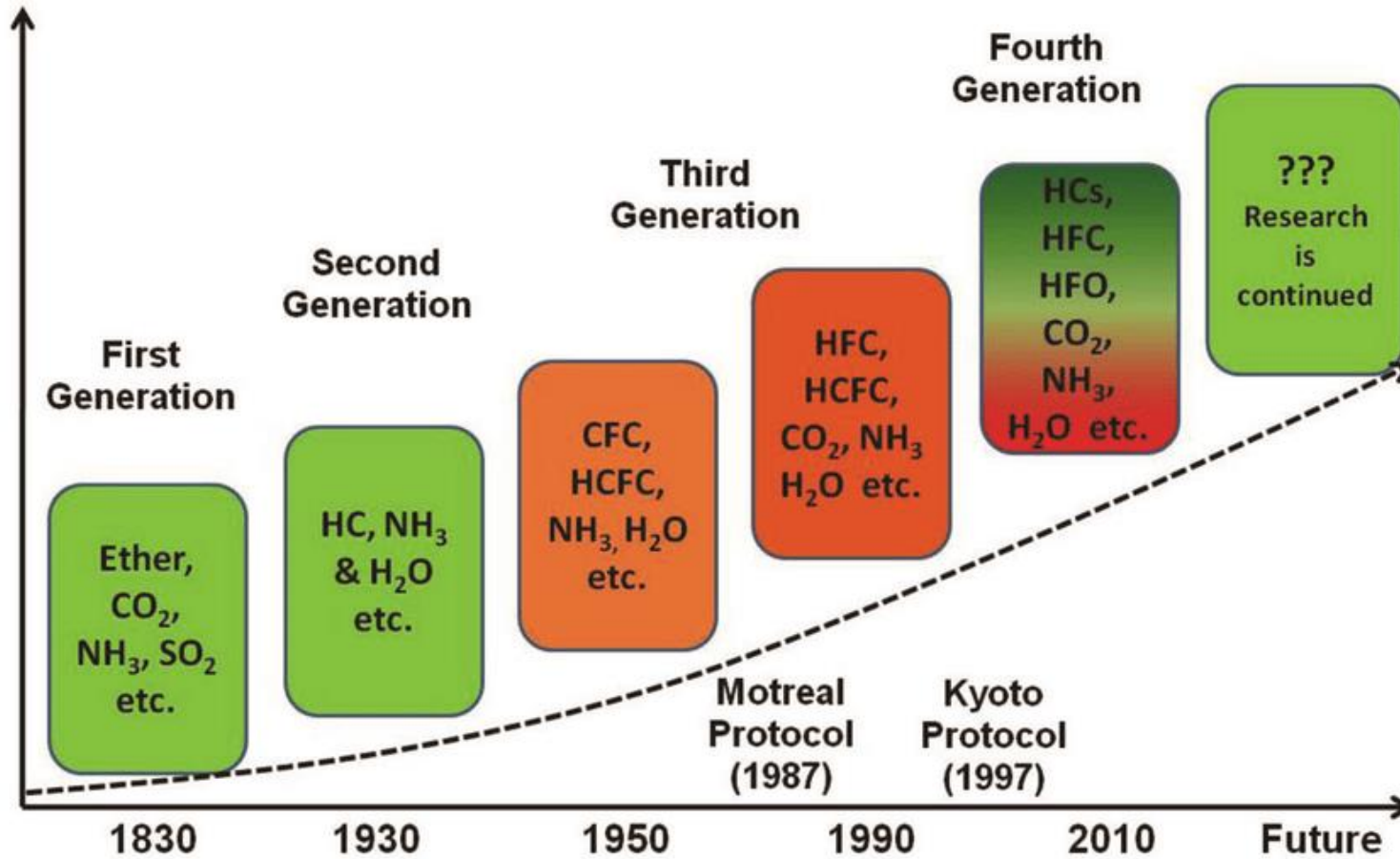


**1<sup>st</sup> Refrigerator**





# Vapor Compression Refrigeration History



# CFC's

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- Extremely high Global Warming Potential (GWP)
  - R12- 10,200
  - R13- 13,900
- Very high Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP)





# HFC's

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- Very high Global Warming Potential (GWP)
  - R404a- 3,900
  - R507c- 3,800
- Zero Ozone depletion
- Easy to work with
- Cheap





# Natural Refrigerants

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- Dramatically lower GWPs
  - Ammonia – 0
  - Propane – 4
  - CO2 – 1
- Cost-effective refrigerant prices
- Maintenance and energy savings\*

\*When designed properly!



# Refrigerant Management



# Why Refrigerant Management?

**Global warming potential (GWP)** is a measure of how much heat a greenhouse gas traps in the atmosphere up to a specific time horizon, relative to carbon dioxide

Greenhouse Gas (GHG)	Atmospheric Lifetime (yrs)	Global Warming Potential (GWP)	Primary Current Sources
Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )	50-200	1	Fossil fuel use, land use, cement
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	12±3	21	Fossil fuel use, agriculture
Nitrous oxide (N <sub>2</sub> O)	120	310	Mostly agriculture, ~1/3 are anthropogenic
Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs)	1.5 to 209	150 to 11,700	Alternative to ozone depleting substances
Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	2,600 to 50,000	6,500 to 9,200	Primary aluminum production; semiconductor manufacturing
Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF <sub>6</sub> )	3,200	23,900	Used in electric power transmission, magnesium and semiconductor industries

} High GWP gases

# Why Refrigerant Management?



- IPCC Special Report: To remain below Global Warming of 1.5° C, we must reduce HFC emissions by 70-80% by 2050
- HFCs are part of “short-lived climate pollutants” category



# Why Refrigerant Management?



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Rank	Solution	Sector	TOTAL ATMOSPHERIC CO2-EQ REDUCTION (GT)	NET COST (BILLIONS US \$)	SAVINGS (BILLIONS US \$)
1	<a href="#">Refrigerant Management</a>	Materials	89.74	N/A	\$-902.77
2	<a href="#">Wind Turbines (Onshore)</a>	Electricity Generation	84.60	\$1,225.37	\$7,425.00
3	<a href="#">Reduced Food Waste</a>	Food	70.53	N/A	N/A
4	<a href="#">Plant-Rich Diet</a>	Food	66.11	N/A	N/A
5	<a href="#">Tropical Forests</a>	Land Use	61.23	N/A	N/A
6	<a href="#">Educating Girls</a>	Women and Girls	51.48	N/A	N/A
7	<a href="#">Family Planning</a>	Women and Girls	51.48	N/A	N/A
8	<a href="#">Solar Farms</a>	Electricity Generation	36.90	\$-80.60	\$5,023.84
9	<a href="#">Silvopasture</a>	Food	31.19	\$41.59	\$699.37
10	<a href="#">Rooftop Solar</a>	Electricity Generation	24.60	\$453.14	\$3,457.63

# Typical Grocery Store Leakage

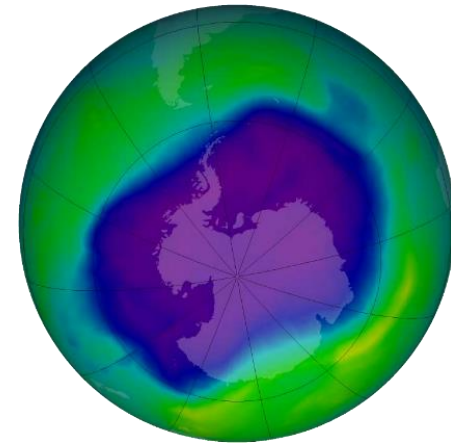
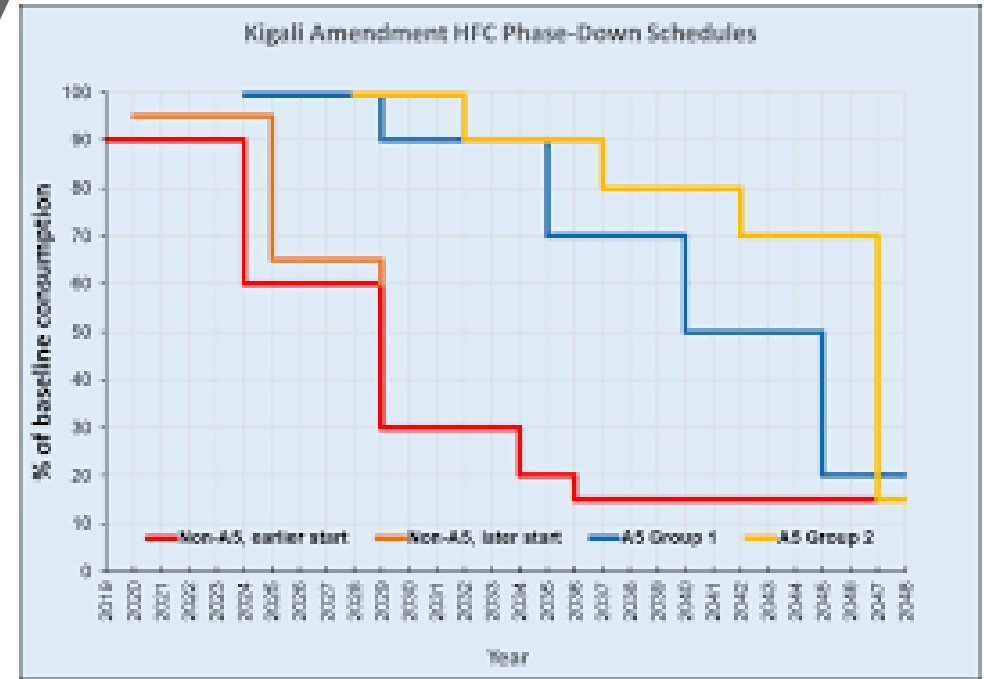


- Average Refrigerant Charge: 3,000 pounds
- Average Industry annual leakage rate: 24%
- GWP = 2500
- 1,800,000 lbs CO<sub>2</sub>e/year  
- 970 acres deforested

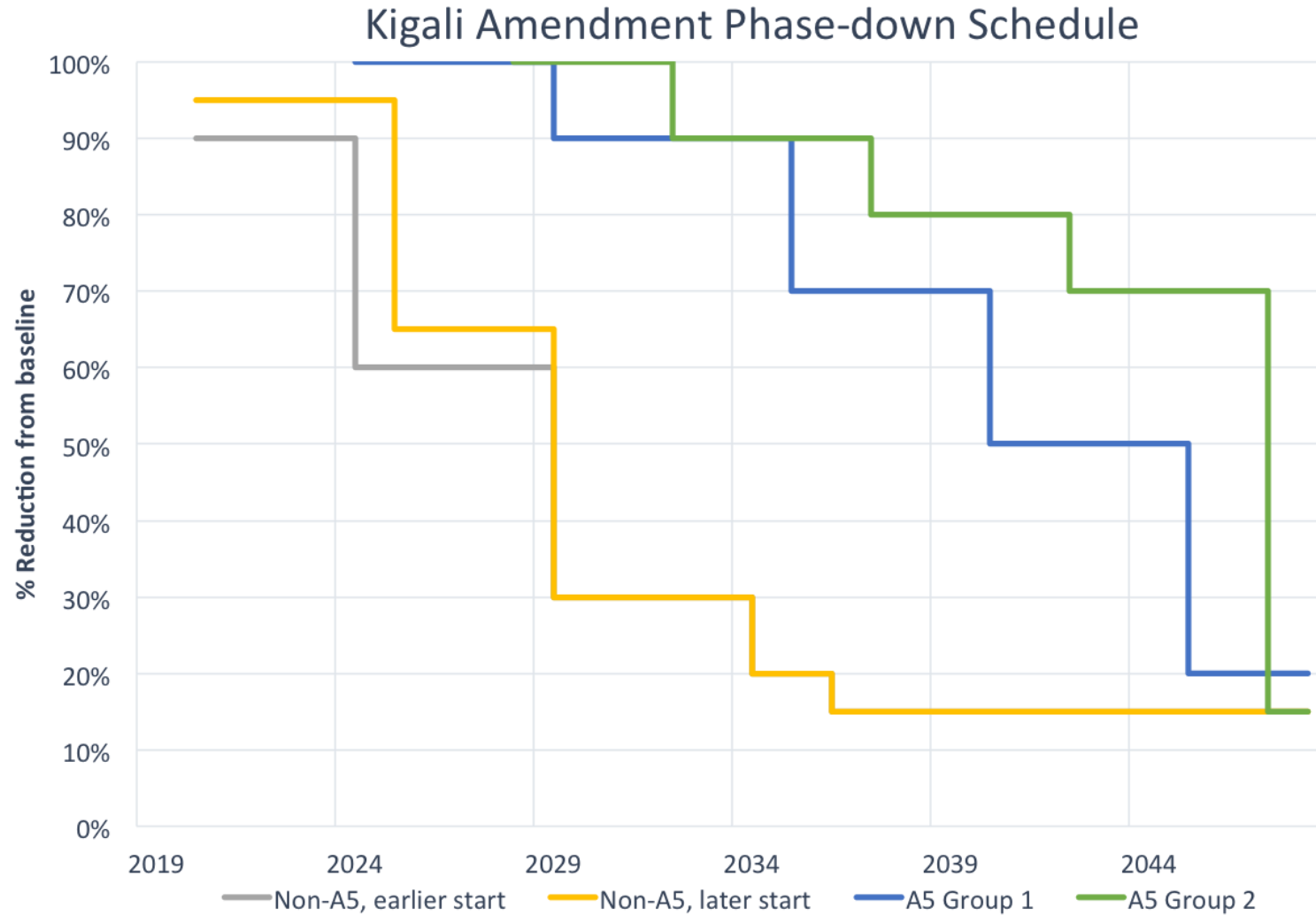


# Montreal Protocol / Kigali Amendment

- September 16th 1987, agreed to phase out CFC's
- Newest iteration is Kigali Amendment (2016) which phases down HFC's by 85%
- US will follow this amendment
- Next jump is in 2025



# Montreal Protocol / Kigali Amendment



## What is Refrigerant Management?



vermont

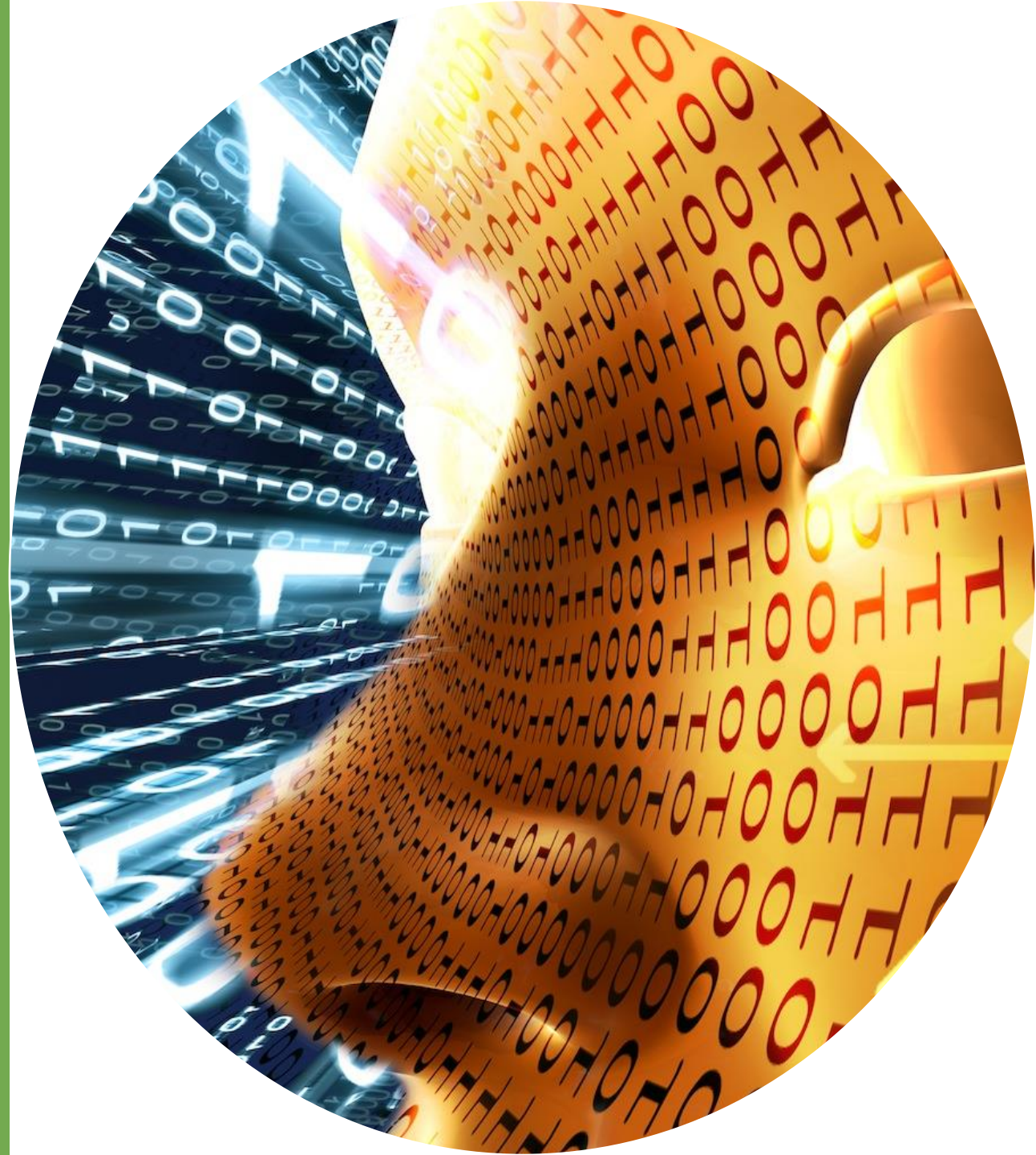
# Three-pronged approach

1. Proactive leak repair
2. Switching to low-GWP refrigerants
3. Installing natural refrigerant systems

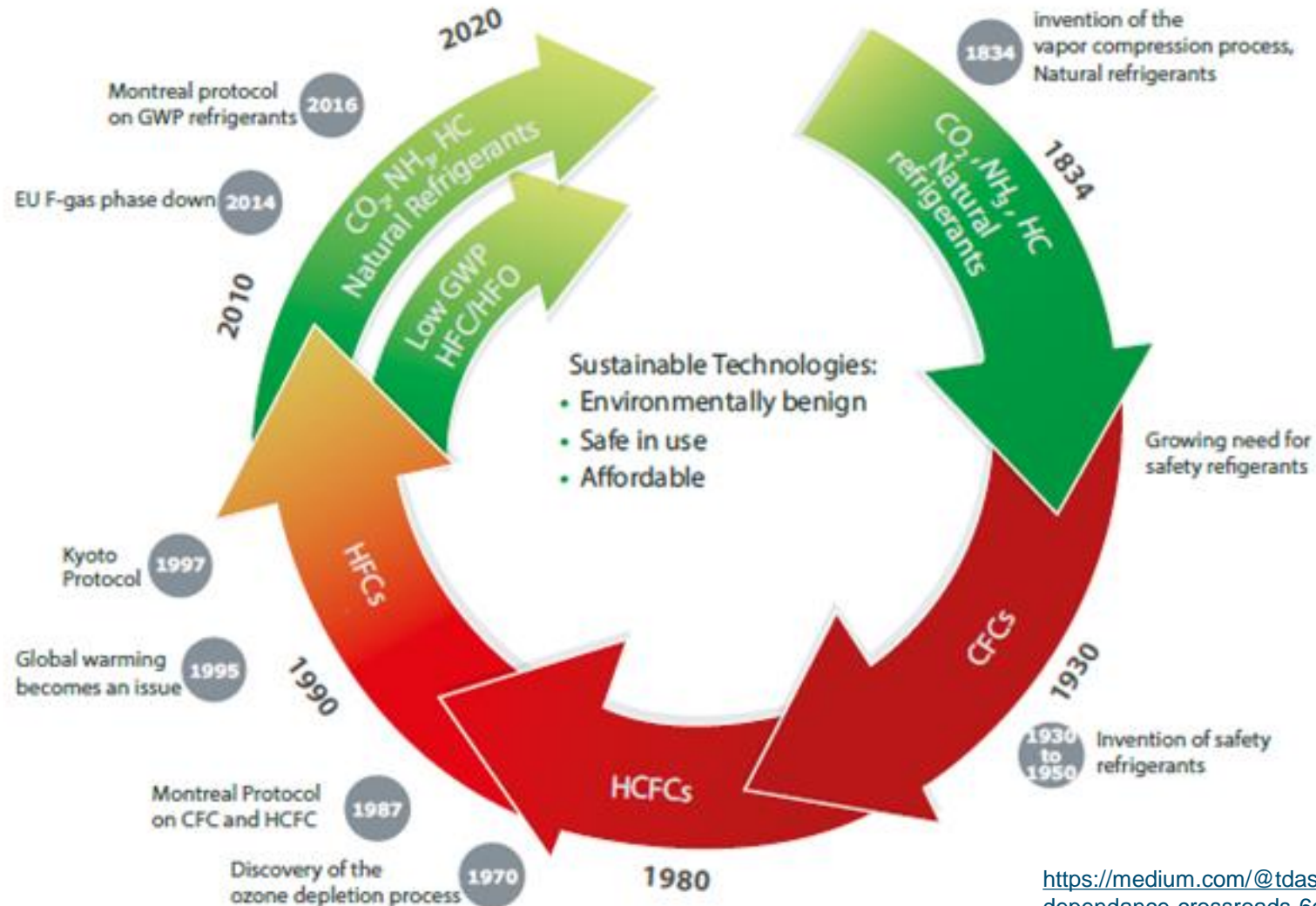


# Future of Refrigerants

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# Future of Refrigerants



# HFO's (Hydrofluoroolefins)

- Not saturated. (Short climate lifespan)
- Low GWP around 0.1% of most HFC's
- Downsides
  - Mildly flammable, so charge constraints
  - During Atmosphere breakdown TFA is produced
  - When they burn they produce hydrogen fluoride.





# HFOs and HFO Blends

- **Current HFO's we are seeing**
  - **R1234YF, 1<sup>st</sup> HFO in all new cars, 10 million vehicles and growing**
  - **R448,R449, Refrigeration System HFC,HFO blend. 27-30% HFO, still A1 refrigerant**
  - **Retrofit option for Grocery stores**
  - **Chiller applications have HFO options today.**



# Natural Refrigerants



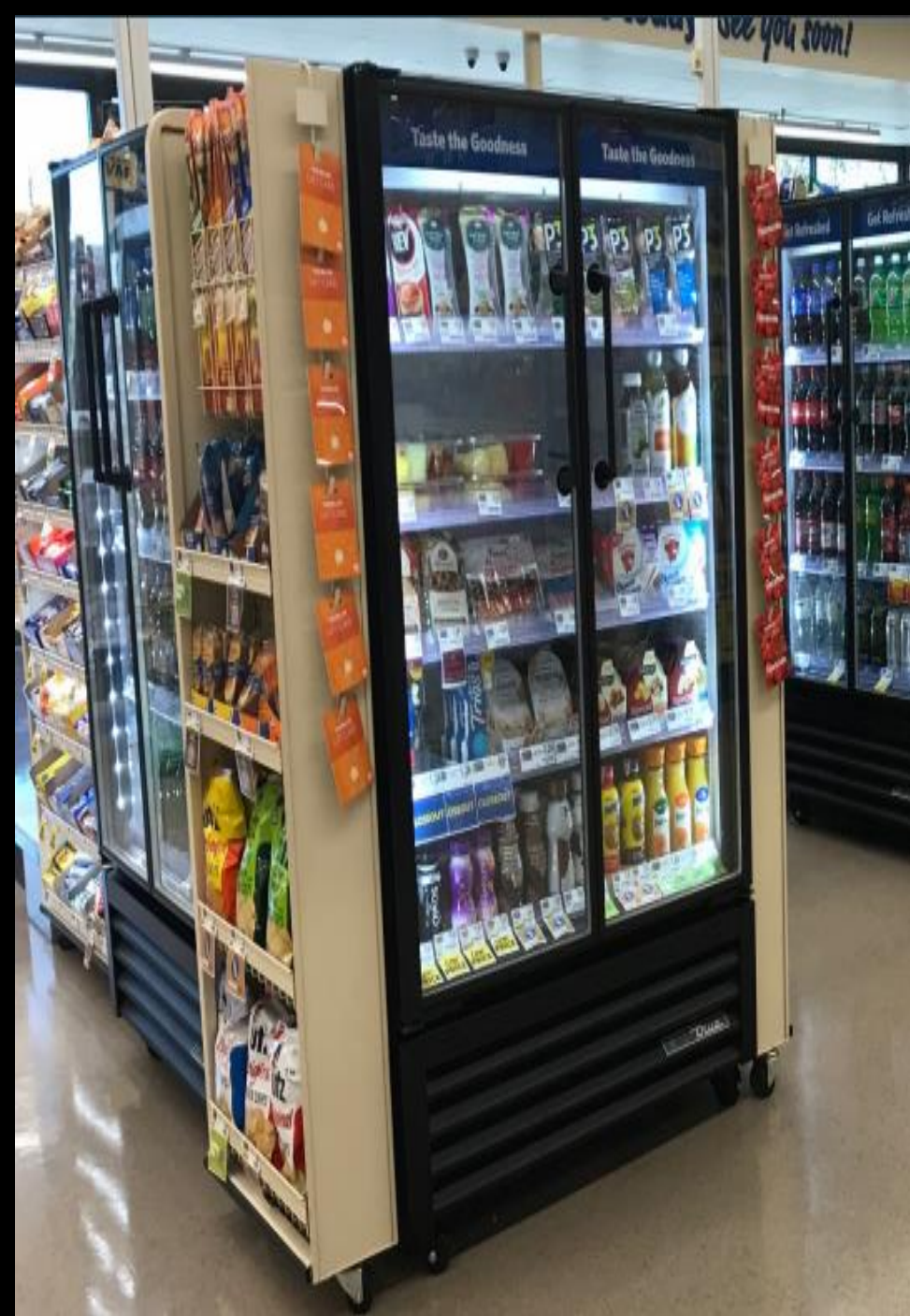
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# Transcritical CO2 System

- No toxicity or flammability (A1)
- Higher operating pressures
- Indoor or Outdoor Installation
- Sensitive to ambient temp
  - Great for Vermont!





# Self-contained Propane Cases

- New or existing stores
- Significant Energy Savings
  - 30-50%
- Placement Flexibility
- Ease of Use
- Capital Costs – Self contained vs. Rack



# R290 Heat pumps

- Vaillant producing R290 air to water heat pumps in Germany
- aroTHERM
- $\frac{3}{4}$  ton to 3 ton capacity
- Many other European manufacturers are jumping in



# CO2 Heat Pumps

- Seasonal COP's greater than 3
- Water temperatures up to 170 degrees
- \$600 Efficiency Vermont Rebate

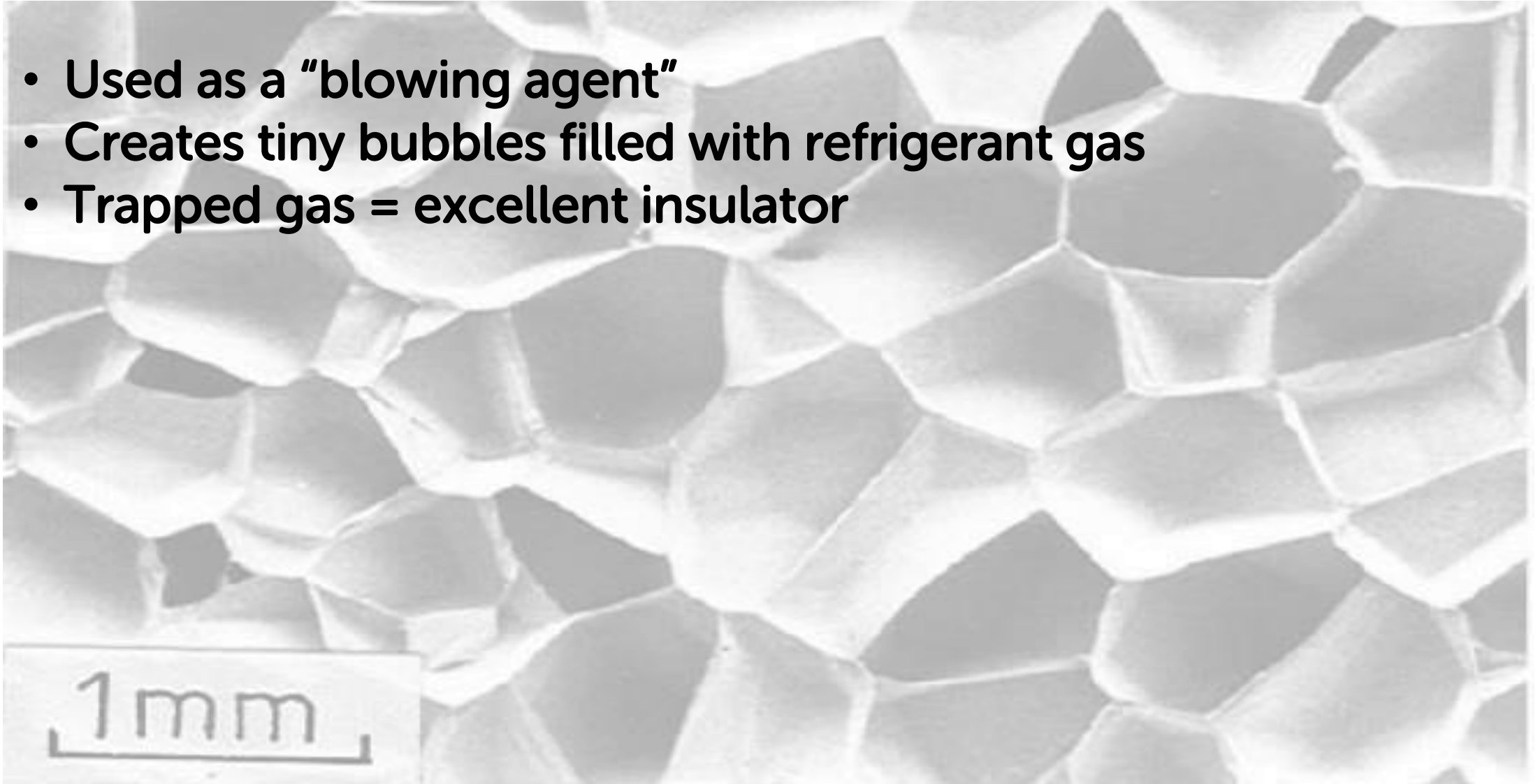


# Market Trends in Refrigeration

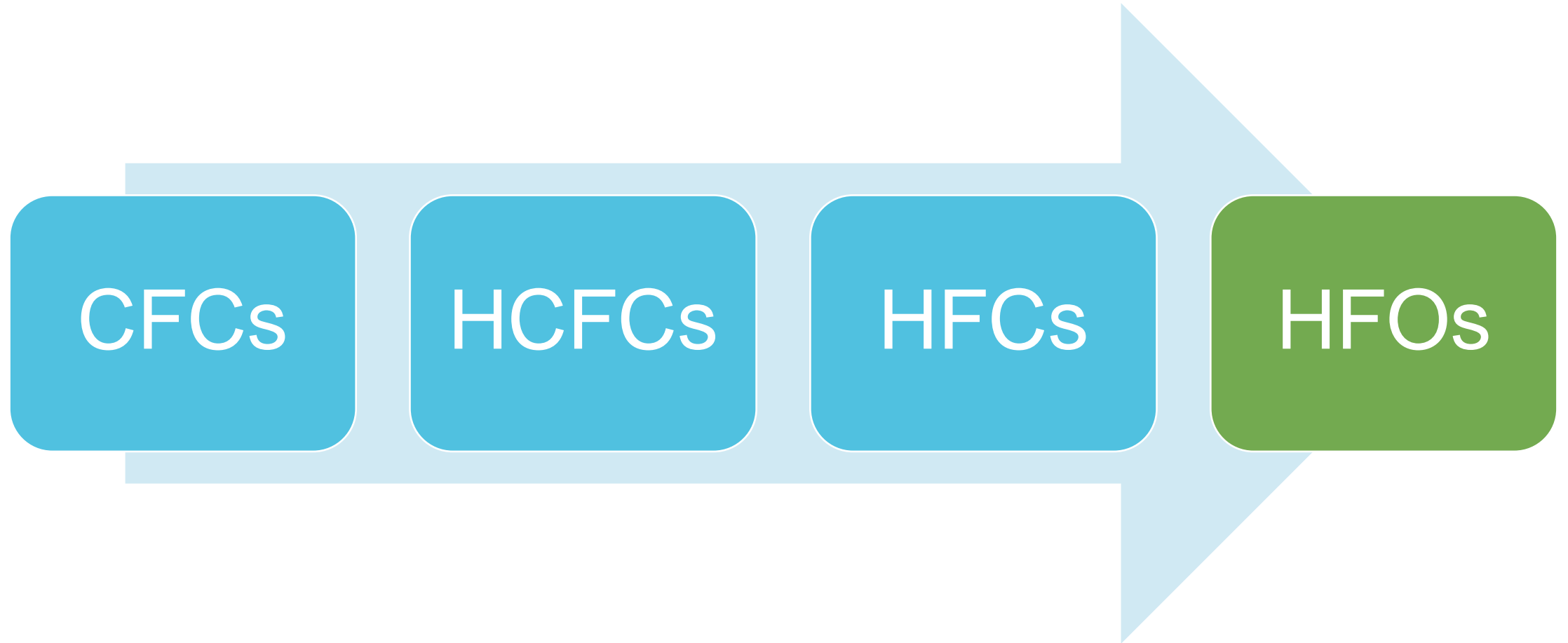


# Refrigerants and Polyurethane Foam

- Used as a “blowing agent”
- Creates tiny bubbles filled with refrigerant gas
- Trapped gas = excellent insulator



# Refrigerants Used in Foam





# Trends in Spray Foam














- **HFO**, the new stuff, since 2017
  - **Honeywell Solstice**  
GWP <5
  - Several products available
  - R 7.4/inch
  - 10-15% price premium
  - Single “lift” 6.5”

# Trends in Foam Board

- **XPS, “blue/pink board”**
  - **Still manufactured using HFCs**
  - **Despite HFO proof of concept (2012)**



# Natural Refrigerants

Store Type and Surface Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Trend Architecture and Refrigerant Toward 2020		
Warehouses and Large Supermarkets >40k ft <sup>2</sup>	<p>Centralized Architecture: CO<sub>2</sub> Booster, NH<sub>3</sub> / CO<sub>2</sub> Cascade HFO Blend / CO<sub>2</sub></p> 		
Medium-Size Supermarkets 10k to 40k ft <sup>2</sup>	<p>Centralized: HFO/CO<sub>2</sub>, or Booster CO<sub>2</sub></p> 	<p>Semi-Centralized/Distributed HFO or CO<sub>2</sub></p> 	
Small Supermarkets and Hard Discounts 6k to 10k ft <sup>2</sup>	<p>Centralized: HFO or CO<sub>2</sub></p> 	<p>Distributed HFO or CO<sub>2</sub></p> 	<p>Integrated Display Cases R-290</p> 
C-Stores 1.2k to 6k ft <sup>2</sup>	<p>Distributed HFC/HFO/CO<sub>2</sub></p> 		<p>Integrated Display Cases R-290/Plug-Ins</p> 
Restaurants <1.2k ft <sup>2</sup>	<p>Distributed HFC/HFO</p> 	<p>Multiple Units</p> 	<p>Integrated Display Cases R-290</p> 



# Residential



# Refrigerant Showdown... who will come out on top?

- 410a replacement
- A1 vs A2L vs A3
- Not many HVAC OEM's are focused on refrigerant evolutions
  - Ingersoll Rand (Trane) Leaders
  - Heavily focused on HFO blends
- CA After 2022
  - AC equipment must have a GWP <750
  - Be ready for different refrigerants that have glide

# Market Trends in HVAC





# Tying it All Together





# Conclusions



**SOCIAL**



**ENVIRONMENTAL**



**ECONOMIC**

1. We need refrigeration
2. Refrigeration is having a huge impact on our environment
3. Change/regulation is coming
4. We have market ready solutions
5. ....for most industries
6. We're here to help

# How to Get Involved



## Refrigerant Leak Repair

- 80% project cost reimbursement



## Purchase Natural Refrigerant equipment



## Refrigerant Connections

- “press fit” is least likely to leak
- Pressure test systems

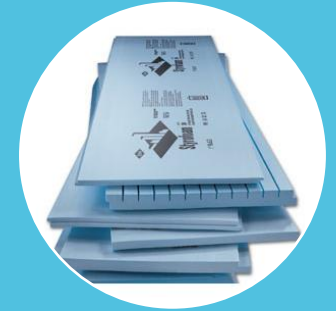


## Refrigerant Charge

- Low charge systems = GOOD
- High charge = BAD



## Request HFO blown spray foam



## Avoid XPS foam

# Discussion and Questions



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