HOUSINGVERMONT

ENSURING YOUR ENERGY REMAINS AFFORDABLE, USING DATA FOR ENERGY OPTIMIZATION

Housing Vermont History

HV is a non-profit syndication and real estate development company created in 1988 by VHFA and endowed with a \$2M investment

HV has raised \$380 million in private equity for housing, which has leveraged an additional \$487 million in private financing and public investment.

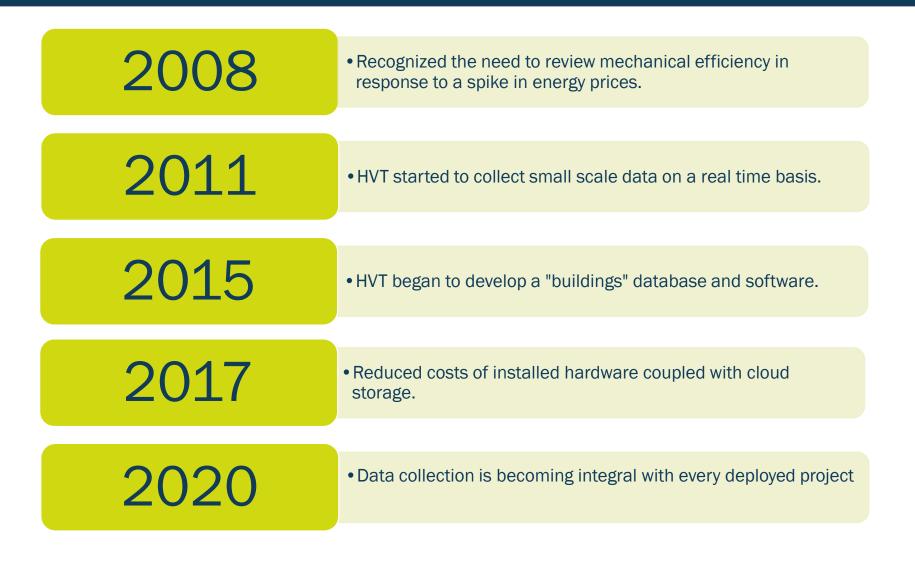
In the past 31+ years we have Created over 180 Projects through LIHTC Partnerships Developed over 6,000 units of affordable housing across the state of Vermont



Energy Totals

- 14 Solar PV systems serving 831 apartments.
- 22 Biomass systems serving 710 apartments.
- 31 Solar DHW systems serving 756 apartments.
- 111 Air source heat pumps serving 125 apartments.
- 1 Facility with all electric resistance heating 30 apartments

HV - Energy Services Division



Why Acquire Data?

- Data provides you with evidence on how your system is performing, not just running.
- How did you used to do it?
 - Zero No heat complaints!
 - Zero Hot water complaints!
 - Zero Comfort complaints!

Given the lack of these complaints, we must believe that the....

System is Running !!



Why Analyze the Data?

• Data analysis provides you with insight if

your systems are running as intended.

•What does that mean?

- •Is it cycling properly?
- •Is it at the optimal capacity?

HOUSINGVER

•Does it Stage Properly?

Valid data helps prevent premature failure.

- Helps to control operating costs.
- Helps with scheduling maintenance.
- Can detect emerging problems.
- Develops design & replacement guidelines.

HOUSINGVER

Construction feedback loop.



101001001 0 1 1 01010101 0 1 0

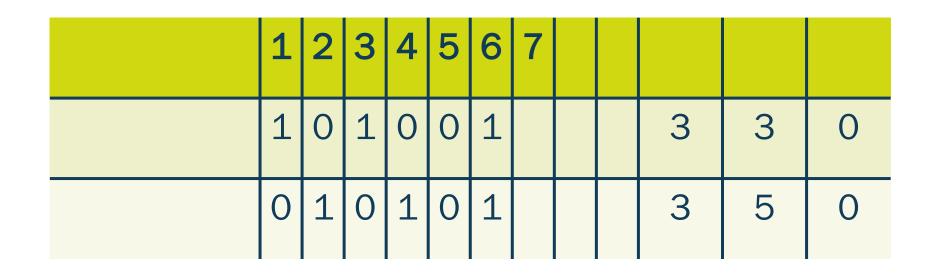


Data vs Information

123456			
101001	3	3	0
01010	2	4	0

Data With Context

Data vs Information



Context to Information

Data vs Information

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	н	Е
RED SOX	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	6	1
YANKEES	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	5	8	0

Information

The Internet of Things (IoT) is a system of interrelated computing devices, mechanical and digital machines, objects, animals or people that are provided with unique identifiers (UIDs) and the ability to transfer data over a network without requiring human-to-human or human-tocomputer interaction¹.











































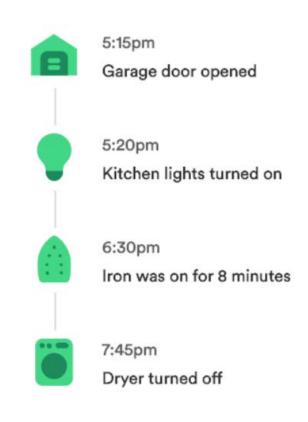












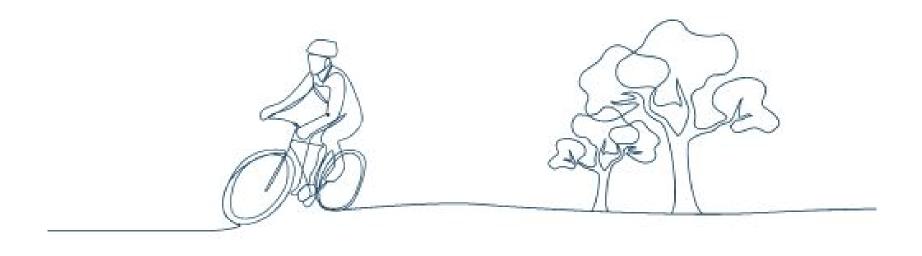
Data from the IoT



Manage our Data to Save \$\$

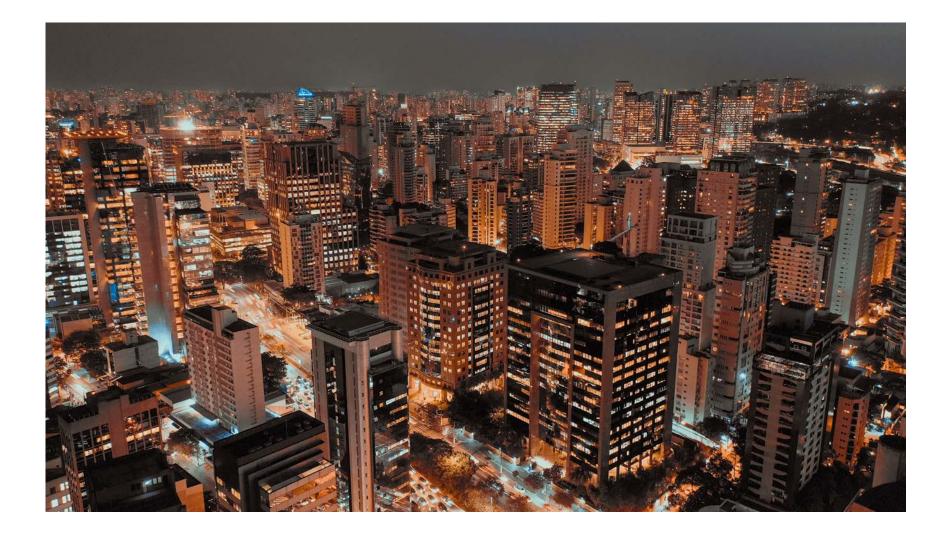








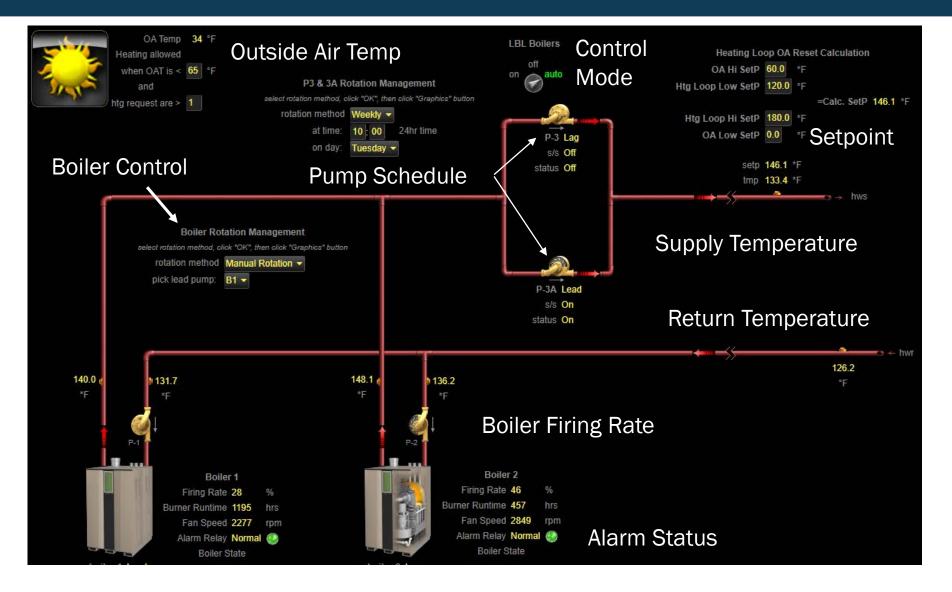




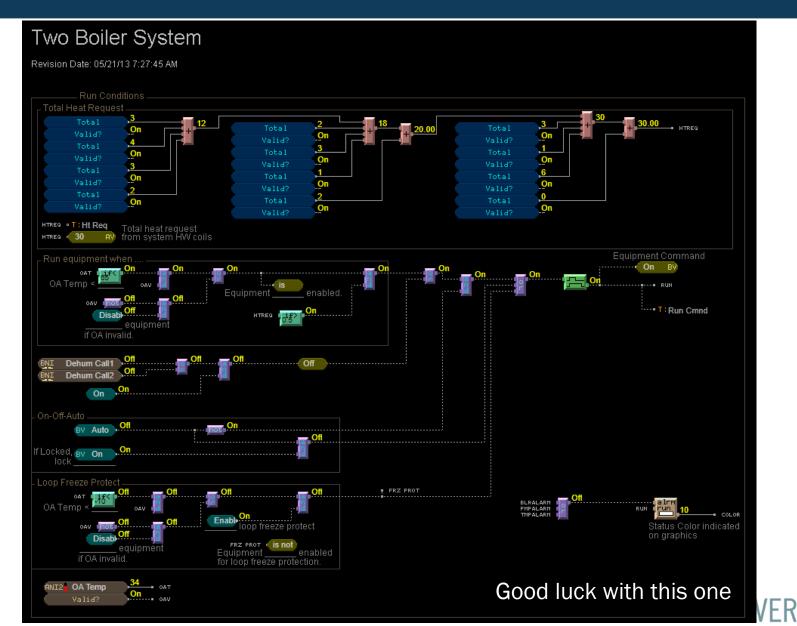




Data for the Property Superintendent

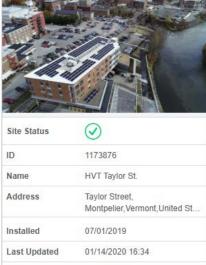


Data for the Property Engineer

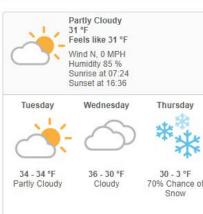


Data for the Finance Manager

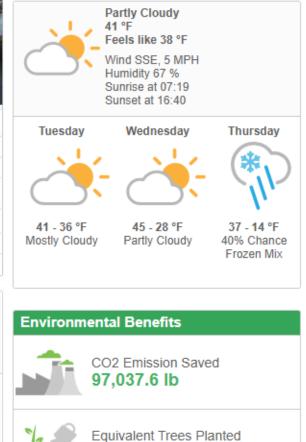
CSV Energy ×1 Month Billing Cycle Year 01/03/2020 System Production: 898.12 kWh solaredge Snow 19 24 29 14 Solar Production



55.545 kWp



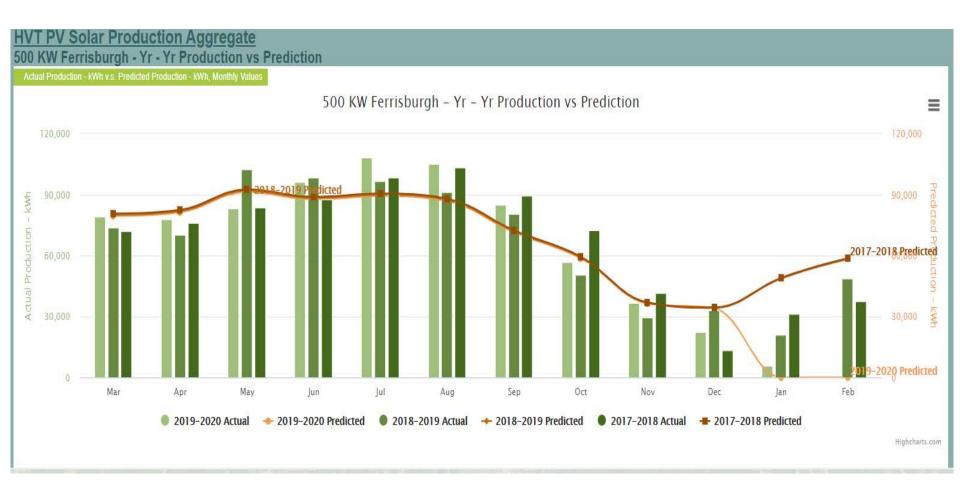
Peak Power



2,444.02

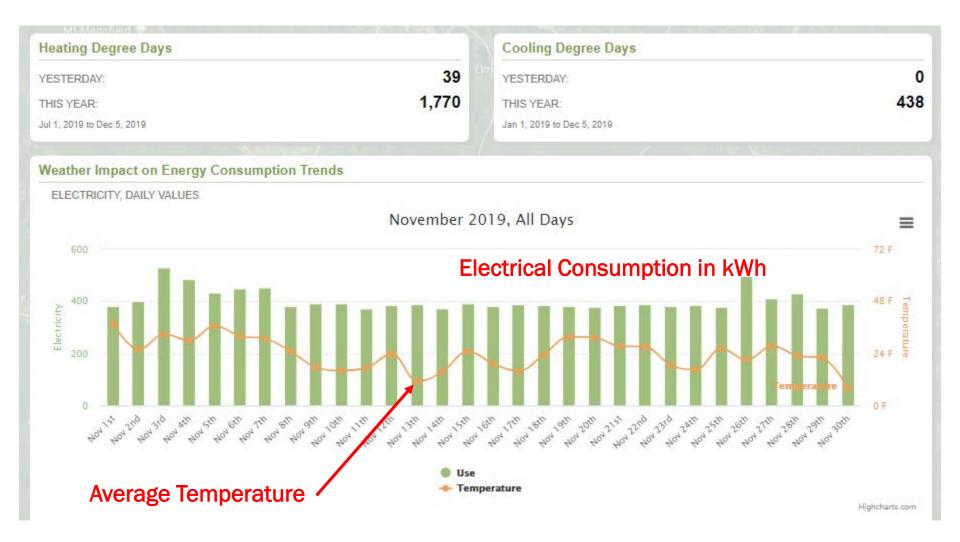
Data for the Finance Manager



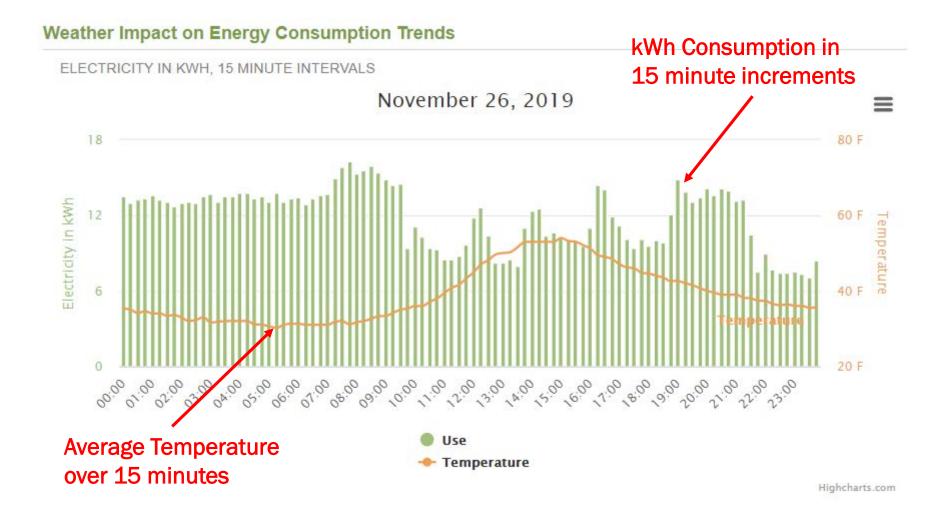


Year over year comparison Actual vs Predicted

Data Visualization

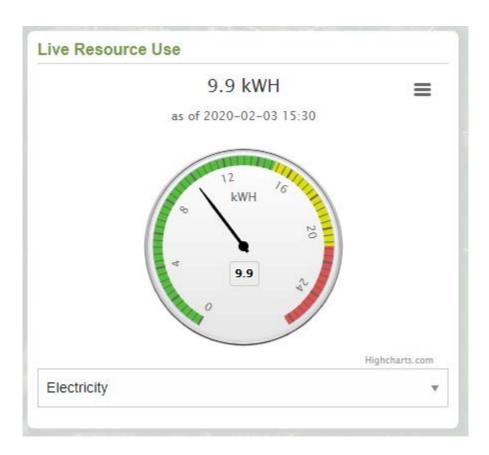


Data Visualization





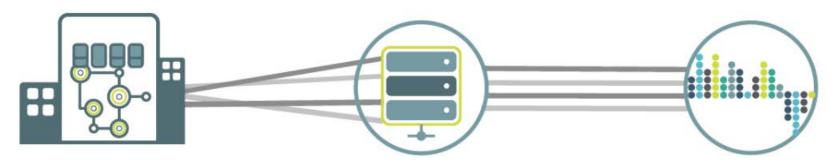
Data Visualization



SYSTEM PERFORMANCE AT A GLANCE

- Building kWh Consumption
 - As of 3 February 2020
 - Dial Gauge presents consumption
 summary
- Green = Consumption to within AVG of the last 30 Days
- Yellow = Consumption within 125% of AVG of the last 30 days
- Red = Consumption within 150% of AVG of the last 30 days

Parsons Platform



Common Off The Shelf (COTS) hardware installed at the site acquires varying data types from:

- Boilers
- Pumps
- Electrical Panels
- Building Automation Systems
- Meters
- Solar Inverters

Data is collected in a cloud based, relational data base, tagged with a unique ID, and time stamped.

Data sets are displayed intuitively transforming the raw data into information. Data visualization helps with:

System Commissioning

- Ongoing Operation
- Automated reporting
- Future designing

Effective Equipment Management





Case Study North Pleasant Street Middlebury, VT

- Combined Wood Pellet and Natural Gas fired hydronic heating system
- Main hot loop provided heating for warmth and indirect domestic hot water (DHW) heating for consumption.
- Residents reported problems with getting heat.
- Since the conversion to natural gas, pellet boilers were under-utilized
- HVT deployed data sensors and conducted an optimization study



	Category		Metric	Pre-Optimization Status	After Optimization Status	Change	
		Installed Boiler Capacity On-Line	BTU/SqFt/Hour	40.7	20	(51)%	
		Boiler Capatialization + Maintenance.	Units in Use	4	2	(50)%	
<		Annual Fuel Cost	Dollars	\$ 21,300	\$ 12,000	(44)%	>
		Annual House Electricity Costs	Dollars	\$ 5,325	\$ 3,762	(29)%	
		Total Annual Fuel and House Electricity Costs	Dollars	\$ 26,625	\$ 15,762	(41)%	
		Total Annual Fuel and House Electricity Costs	Dollars per Bedroom	\$ 634	\$ 375	(41)%	
	Annual Additional Free Cash Flow Provided to Partnership		\$		10,863		



North Pleasant 2 – Middlebury VT Result of Grundfos pumps settings adjustment; initial situation was two main circulator pumps operating in constant pressure mode, Electrical Consumption on Pump #1 was ~ 725 Watts, Pump #2 ~ 575 Watts total electrical consumption ~ 1,300 watts. On November 12, 2018 pump #2 was placed into Auto Adapt mode, resulting in a kWh consumption of ~ 20 watts, on November 13, Pump #1 was also placed into Auto Adapt mode resulting in a revised cumulative consumption of approximately 330 watts; The pumps had been operating in constant flow mode for over four years.

	Category	Metric	Pre-Optimization Status	After Optimization Status	Change	
<	Installed Boiler Capacity On-Line	BTU/SqFt/Hour	40.7	20	(51)%	
	Boiler Capatialization + Maintenance.	Units in Use	4	2	(50)%	
	Annual Fuel Cost	Dollars	\$ 21,300	\$ 12,000	(44)%	
	Annual House Electricity Costs	Dollars	\$ 5,325	\$ 3,762	(29)%	>
	Total Annual Fuel and House Electricity Costs	Dollars	\$ 26,625	\$ 15,762	(41)%	
	Total Annual Fuel and House Electricity Costs	Dollars per Bedroom	\$ 634	\$ 375	(41)%	
	Annual Additional Free Cash Flow Provided to Partnership		\$		10,863	>



- Power consumption was constant 24/7; 365 days a year.
- Made setpoint adjustment on both pumps
- This simple change reduced electrical consumption by over 70%.

Over \$1,500 Annually saved!



Case Study Applegate Apartments Bennington, VT

- One Site 104, 230 Sq Ft
- 104 Apartments
- 23 Buildings
- Converted 23 oil fired boilers to one central wood chip fired plant.
- Underground piping circulated hot water to all buildings.
- Retrofit helped to reduce average fuel cost from \$165,000/ yr to \$50,000 /yr

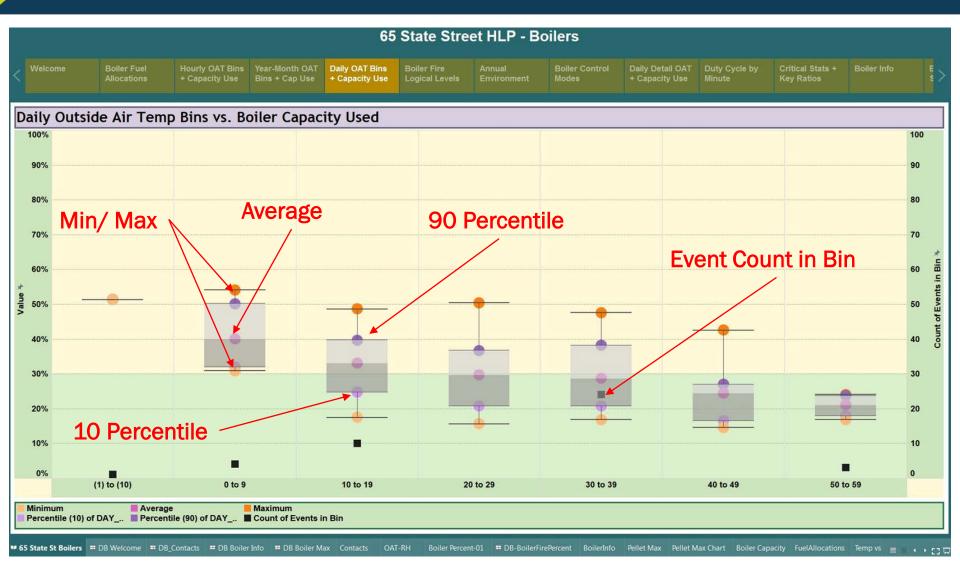


Applegate Apartments - Guiding Design

- Original retrofit design central wood chip heating output 3.2 million BTU's
- Shared Data from an existing comparable sized building with the design team.



Applegate Apartments - Guiding Design



Applegate Apartments - Guiding Design

- Plans were revised to incorporate a 1.8 million-BTU plant instead.
- \$200,000 in construction costs saved in the short term, and a more efficient boiler in the long term.
- Confirmed boiler used 75% capacity at temperatures at or below zero during the first year.

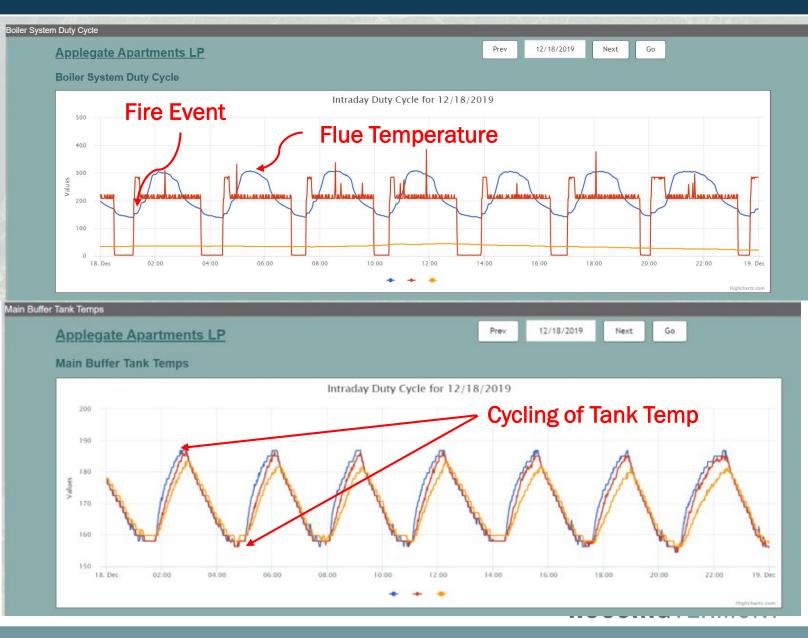


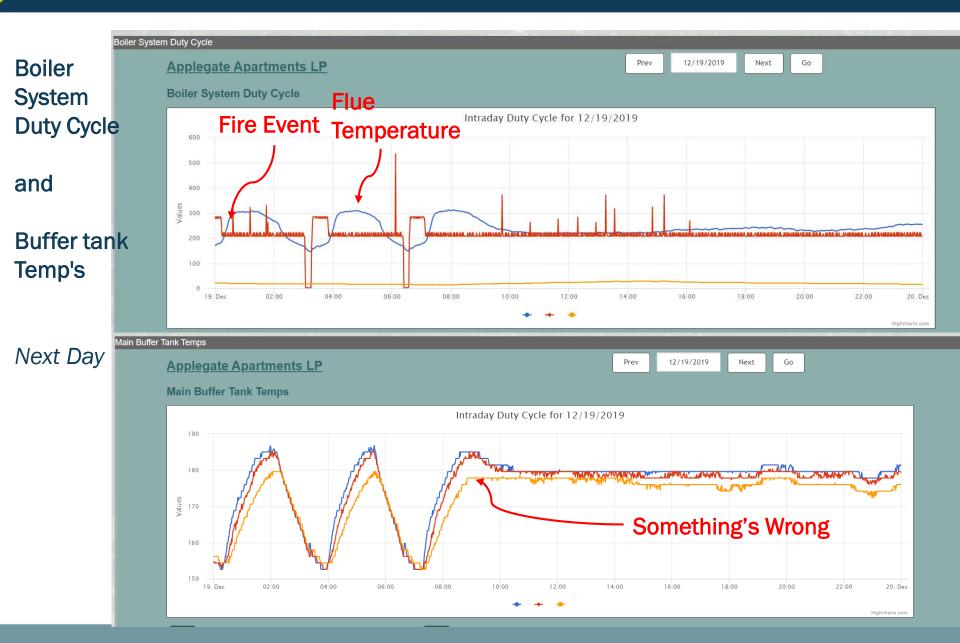


Boiler System Duty Cycle

and

Buffer tank Temp's





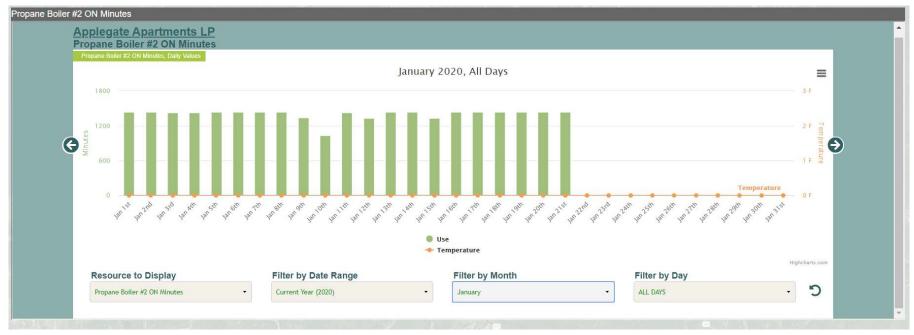


Hot Loop Temperature



Nothing Appeared to be wrong

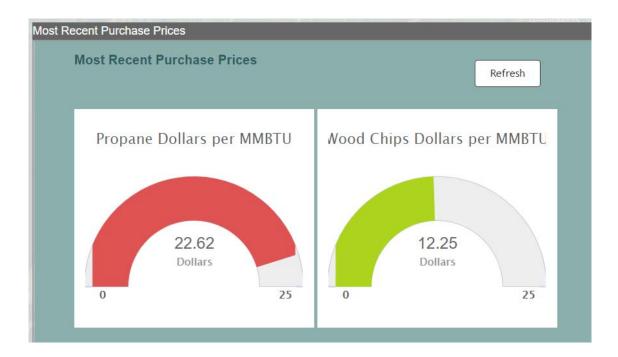
- Hot Loop Temperature was being maintained.
 - Zero No Heat Complaints!
 - But.....
 - Heat source switched from Wood Chips to Propane



• Propane Boiler has been running nonstop!

Case Study - Economics

• Estimated Annual kBTU's consumed for heat = 4,502,218, or 4,052.21 MMbtu



HOUSINGVERMONT

- Propane Cost = \$ 91,660; (4,052.1 x \$22.6)
- Wood Chips = \$49, 639; (4,052.1 x \$12.25)

\$42,021 difference

Empty the Ash Bin!

- Maintenance and management practices may have to evolve.
- You may need to do more of it.





Case Study Canal Street Apartments Winooski, VT

- Veterans Housing
- 25,260 Sq. Ft.
- 28 Apartments for Veterans and the public
- Heating and Cooling provided by Water Source Heat Pumps



First 4 years of operation

- Experienced high electrical costs
- Lost 5 heat pumps to compressor failure (\$6,000 Each)
- Installed data telemetry showing the loop temperature was running abnormally high straining compressor's HOUSINGVERMONT



We alerted our engineer

- Adjustments were made to the control logic
- The data collection system able to confirm the effectiveness of the settings change.

HOUSINGVERMONT

• The loop temperature is now running within the setpoints,

Benefits

- Less pressure on the compressors
- Reduced energy consumption
- Lower maintenance costs







Case Study French Block Apartments Montpelier, VT de Mena

bailey road

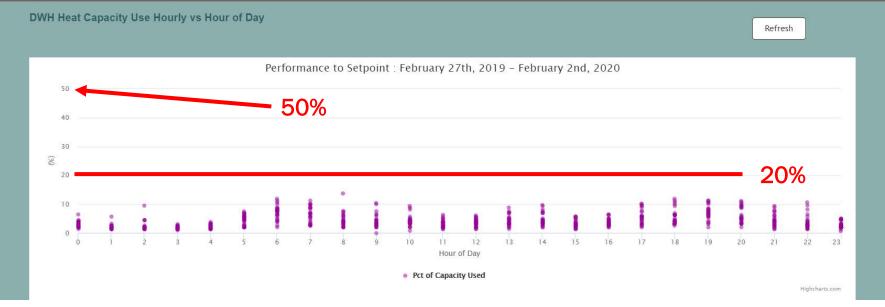
- Mixed affordable and market rate residential Housing
- 15,480 Sq. Ft.
- 18 Residential Apartments
- 15 Low Income Housing Tax credit apartments
- Heating provided by Air Source Heat Pumps, and Energy Recovery Ventilator

Energy & Resource Use: Energy Use Intensity and Performance to Expectations

Resource	Unit	Annual Projected Usage	Annual Usage for 2019	Delta %
Electricity	kWh	99,678	<mark>94,275</mark>	5.4%
Propane	Gallons	500	1,140	128.0%
Water	Gallons	550,000	369,000	34.4%
All Energy	kBTU	385,852	426,000	10.5%
Energy Use Intensity	kBTU/SqFt	24.93	27.52	10.5%
Conditioned Space	Building	15,480		

Case Study – DHW

DWH Heat Capacity Use Hourly vs Hour of Day

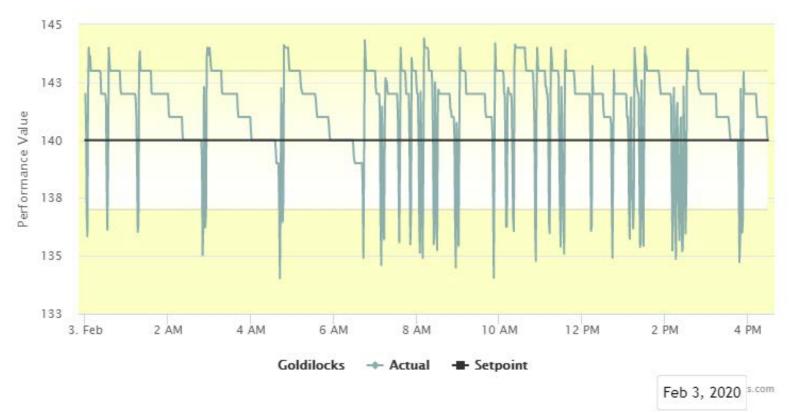


The capacity utilization chart for the Domestic Hot Water (DHW) system

- For almost a year we have identified less than 20% of the DHW generating capacity is utilized.
- Design was code compliant, but installed in a single unit due to space constraints
- Ancillary impacts are increased propane consumption

Case Study – DHW

Performance to Setpoint for - February 3rd, 2020



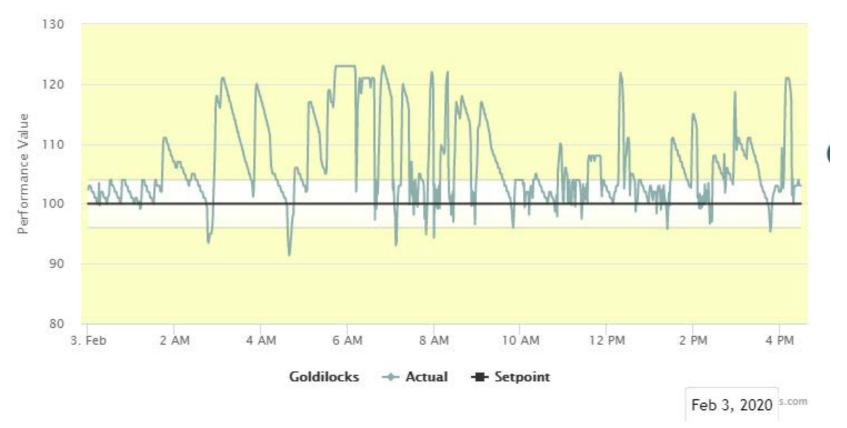
The performance to setpoint chart for the Domestic Hot Water (DHW) system

HOUSINGVERMONT

• Indicated it is hard to keep that much water warm.

Case Study – DHW

Performance to Setpoint for - February 3rd, 2020



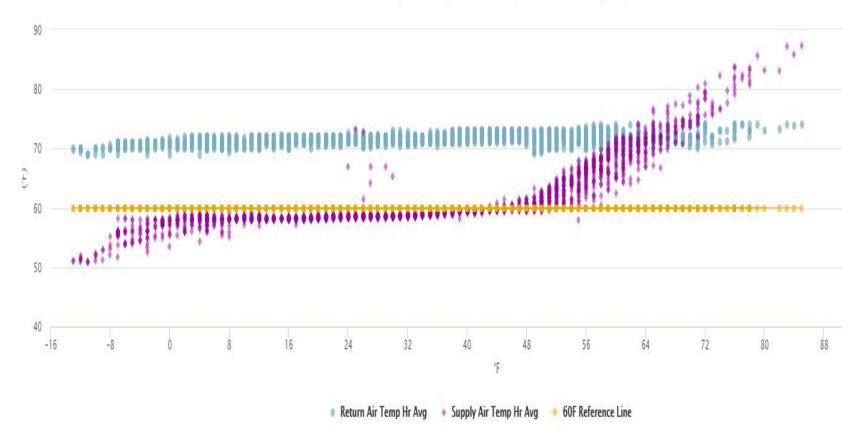
HOUSINGVERMONT

The DHW temperatures downstream of the mixing valve

Case Study - ERV

French Block ERV: Supply Air Temperature vs Return Air Temperature

Performance to Setpoint : September 1st, 2019 - February 3rd, 2020



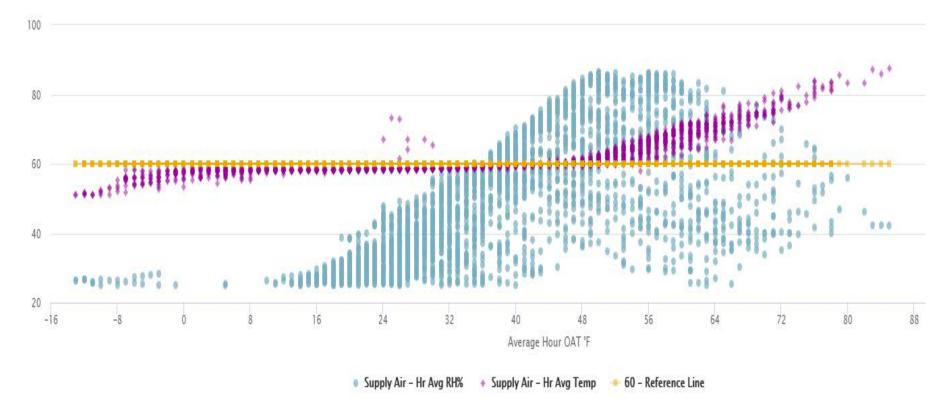


Case Study - ERV

French Block ERV: Supply Air Relative Humidity and Average Temperature

Performance to Setpoint : September 1st, 2019 - February 3rd, 2020

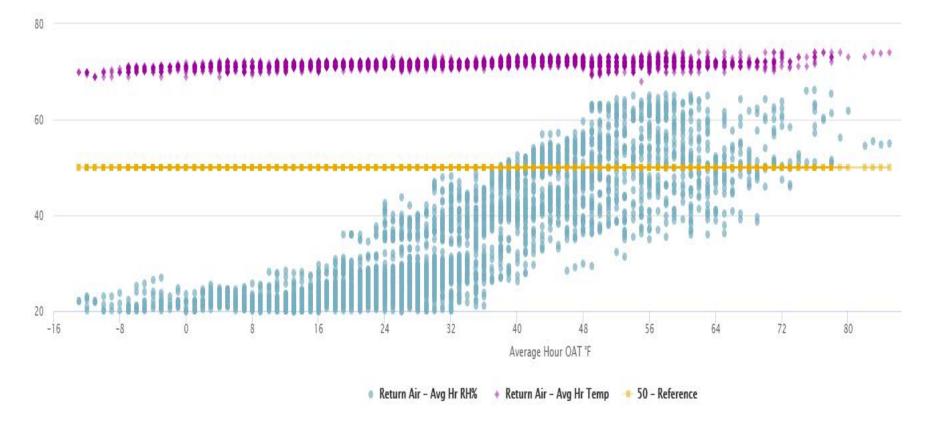
HOUSINGVERMON⁻



Case Study - ERV

French Block ERV: Return Air Relative Humidity and Average Temperature

Performance to Setpoint : September 1st, 2019 - February 3rd, 2020

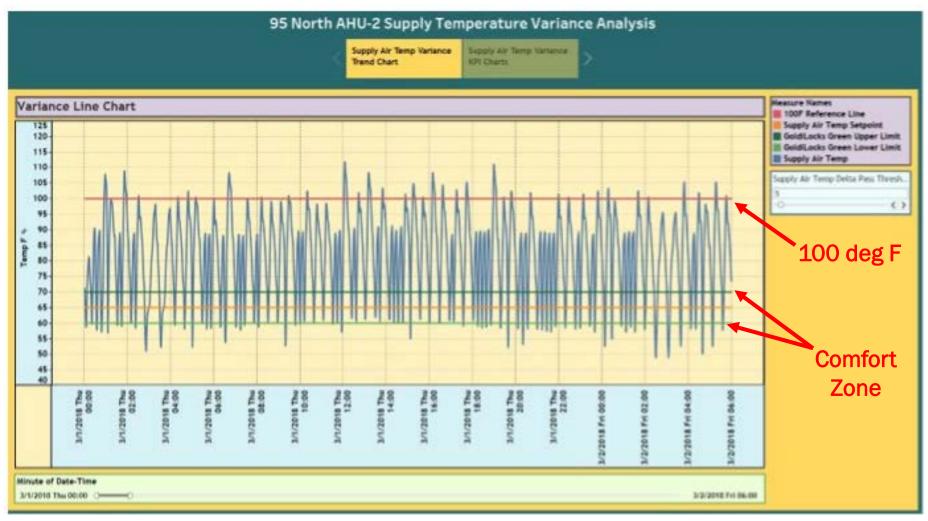


Case Study 95 North Avenue Burlington, VT

- Committee on Temporary Shelter (COTS) offices
- 24,000 Sq. Ft.
- 14 Service Enriched Apartments for homeless
- Rooftop air handlers provide ventilation and fresh air.
- Boiler with hydronic Baseboard Providing heat.
- Mini split air source heat pumps for cooling.



Windows were always open, even during the coldest winter days?

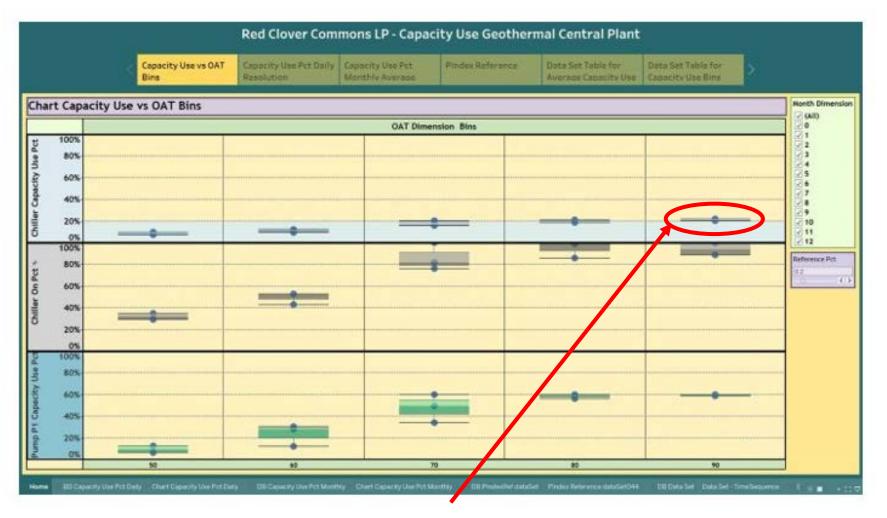


AHU was supplying fresh air in extreme excess of setpoint!

Case Study Red Clover Commons Brattleboro, VT

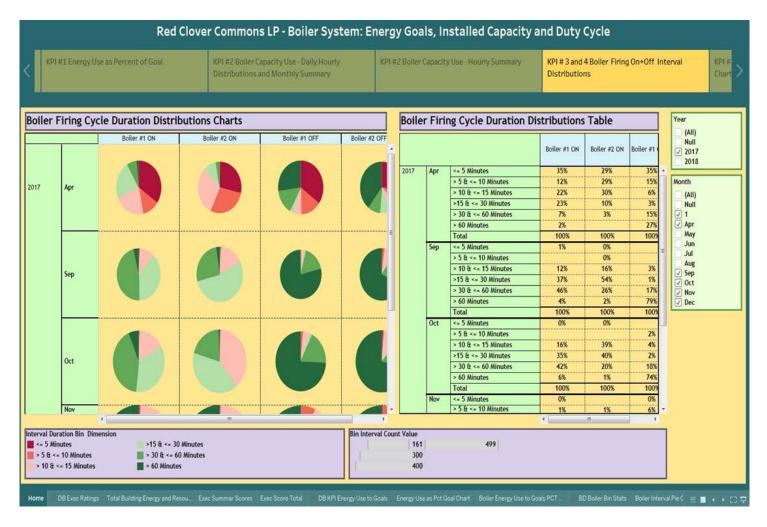
- Senior Housing
- 55,000 Sq. Ft
- 55 Apartments for Seniors
- Our first geothermal system.
- Propane boilers provide
 Domestic Hot Water





The data demonstrates that the chiller is using only 20% of its total capacity even under peak conditions of 90 degrees outside air temperature.





Domestic Hot Water boiler firings

There are a lot of hands in these systems after construction is completed.

- Your systems seem to be working ok.
- How do you really know?
- Put context around your data
- Turn your data into information!



Final Thoughts



Our biggest savings turned out to be reduced capital costs by having the data to right size new installations and replacements We went into this endeavor to save money on consumption





THANK YOU

Charles "Charlie" Van Winkle Director of Energy Services 802.598.0128 <u>cvanwinkle@hvt.org</u>